Lilong

DROMSGROVE URLAW DISTRICT COUNCIL

JUN 58

AHUALRETORTS

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND

CHIEF PUBLIC MEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR

1956.

Chairman of the Council - Councillor C.M. Toulinson. Vice-Chairman - Councillor J.J. Mudson.

MEMBERS OF THE HEATEN COMMITTEE:

Chairman - Councillor Mrs. K.M. Field,

COUNCILLOR F. MERWICK.

COUNCILLOR H. ECCLES.

COUNCILLOR D.H.V. FEREDAY.

COUNCILLOR R. FLETCHER. O.B.E.

COUNCILLOR A.W. GRAHT.

COUNCILLOR R.R. HARVEY,

COUNCILIOR J.J. HUDSOH.

COUNCILLOR DR. D.C. MUNDY.

COUNCILLOR H.G. OWEH.

COUNCILLOR C.H. TOMETHSON.

COUNCILLOR L.G. WAGSTAFF.

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

E.T. SHEHNAN, M.D., Ch.D.; D.P.H. Medical Officer of Health (Part Time). Assistant County Medical Officer.

V. PUGH, B.Sc., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., M.B., Ch.B. Deputy Medical Officer of Health (Part Time). Assistant County Medical Officer.

H. HOLDEN, M.S.I.A., Cort. 2.S.L.
Royal Canitary Institute Meat and Food Certificate.
Liverpool University Heat and Food Cortificate.
Chief Public Health Inspector, Heat and Food Inspector.
Shops Inspector, Petroleum Officer.

C.J. BURFORD, M.J.I.A., Cortificate 3.1.D. Royal Sanitary Institute Heat and Food Cortificate. Additional Public Health Inspector.

M. DROOMS, M.S.I.A., Contificate S.I.D.

Royal Sanitary Institute Mean and Food Cortificate.

Additional Public Health Inspector.

Clerks:

Miss B. Wass, - until 11.8.56. Miss P. Wallace, Miss H. Wallace, - from 27.8.56.

WALTH DEPARTMENT,

URDAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MENDERS OF THE COUNCIL.

MR. CHAIRMAN, MRS. PIELD AND GENTLEMEN,

I have such pleasure in presenting the report on the state of Public Health in the Urban District of Bromsgrove and the work carried out by the Health Department during the year 1956.

Dr. E.T. Shennan held the post of Medical Officer of Mealth at the time and I am sure he would wish me to express his appreciation of the work done by Mr. Holden, the Public Health Inspectors and staff of the Mealth Department and also the assistance and co-operation of officers and staff of other departments.

The estimated population increased by 820 to 29,800. There was also an increase of 430 in the number of inhabited houses, the total at the end of the year being 9,087.

The Birth Rate showed a small decline to 13.83 (14.74). There was also an appreciable stall in the Death Rate to 9.89 (11.59).

Among the Major Causes of Death, diseases of the heart and circulatory system continued to take a comparatively heavy toll, while there was a small, though velcome, fall in deaths from cancer and other malignant disease.

Notifications of Infectious Disease showed a considerable decrease uninly due to the very small incidence of feasles, there being only 4 cases in the year compared with + 2 in 1955.

I have pleasure in reporting that in no case was it necessary for action to be taken under Section 47 of the National Assistance (Actalogat) Act, 1951.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Mrs. Field and Gentlemen,
Your Obedient Bervant,

C.II. PHILLIPS, II.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.II.

Medical Officer of Health.

Statistics and Social Conditions of the Area,

Area: 9,228 acres.

Registrar General's estimate of Population mid: 1956 - 29,800

1955 - 28,980

1954 - 29,020

1953 - 28,700

1938 - 23,540

(Census 1951 - 27,924).

Number of inhabited houses at the end of: 1956 - 9,087

1955 - 8,657

1954 - 8,419

1.953 - 8,201

1938 - 6,902

Rateable Value, 1st April, 1956:

£303,888.

Product of Penny Rate.

£645. 17s. 3d.

VITAL STATISTICS (1955 figures given in brackets)

Population.

The Registrar General's estimate of the population showed an increase of 820 when compared with the 1955 figure.

Live Dirths.

		М.	F.	Total
Legitinate	201	208	187	395 (409)
Illegitimate	ģ · · · s	8	5	13 (14)
Total ,		216	192	408 (423)

Birth Rate,

(Births per 1,000 population).

1956	1955	1938	1956 (England and Wales)
13.83.*	14.74	17.8	15.7

Illegitimacy Rate.

(Total live illegitimate births per 1,000 live births)

1956	1955	1954	1938	1956	(England	and	Wales)

31.86 33.1 36.80 33.5 46.0

The number of births showed a decrease of 15 over 1955. This brought the district birth-rate below the national average of 15.7

The number of illegitimate births was less by 1 than in the previous year, the illegitimate birth-rate being well below the national average of 46.0 per 1,000 total live births.

Still Dirths

		• c 2 · •	2	Total.
Legitimate Illegitimate	• • •	2 -	7 -	9 (9) - (-)
Total	• • •	2	7	9 (9)

Still Wirth Rate.

(Still Births per 1,000 total births)

1956	1955	1954	1938
21.58	20.83	13 61	27.9

Deaths.

1	ir.	Total.
154 (160)	170 (157)	324 (323)

Dirath Rata.

(De the per 1,000 population).

1995	1955	195;	1933	1956 (England and Wales)
3.30	11.59	11.71	12.5	1.1.7

The Major Causes of Death by Percentage.

1. Disease of the heart and circulatory system. 52.77% (49 9%)

15.43% (16.4%) 2. Cancer and other malignant disease.

3. Respiratory diseases (excluding tuberculosis) 12.65% (15.5%)

2.47% (5.0%) 4. Accidents.

1.23% (1.6%) 5. Tuberculosis.

The major causes of death remained in the same order as in the previous year. Accidents showed a velcome full as follows:-

1956 - 2.47%; 1955 - 5.0%; 1954 - 4.3%; 1953 - 2.9%.

Percentage distribution of Deaths.

%1956	%1955	%1954
2.78%	3.10%	4.28%
1.54%	2.17%	2,45%
5.25%	5.88%	5. 20%
22.53%	19.50%	25.38%
67.90%	69.35%	62 69%
	2.78% 1.54% 5.25% 22.53%	2.78% 3.10% 1.54% 2.17% 5.25% 5.88% 22.53% 19.50%

Maternal Mortality.

(Maternal deaths per 1,000 total births).

Nil. Fil. 1.17 0.46

1955 1954 1938 1956 (England and Wales) 1956 4.79

Infant and Neonatal Mortality.

Infant Deaths, (Deaths of Infants under I year).

	М.	F.	Total.
Legitimate.	4 . -	5	9 (8) - (1)
Total.	4	5	9 (9)

(Death) of Infants under 4 weeks).

	21.	Ţ.	Total
Logitimate.	3 ~	2	5 (7) - (-)
Motal.	3	2	5 (7)

Death Rates of Infants and Heonatal Deaths: Deaths of Infants under 1 year of age:-

	1956	1955	1938	1956 (England and Wales)
Deaths of legitimately born				
infants under 1 year of age				
per 1,000 legitimate births.	22.78	19.56	56.9	-
Deaths of illegitimately born				
infants under 1 year of age				
per 1,000 illegitimate births.	-	71.43	166.7	-
Deliths of infants under 4				
weeks of age per 1,000 live				
lirths.	12.25	16.55	-	16.9
Doates of all infants under				
l year of age per 1,000 live				
births.	.2.06	21.28	59.8	23.8 (24.9)

The Cluser of Infant Douths.
(Popular Sirures given in brackets).

	1956	1955	1954
Conjected Malforwations. Presidently. Respiratory Dissile. Castro-Est ritis. Lith Trans. /or yxio.	3 (1) 3 (3) 2 (-) - (-) 1 (1)	1 (1) 5 (5) 1 1 (1)	5 (3) 2 5 (1) - 2 (2)
Total.	9 (5)	9 (7)	14 (6)

-5-

CAUSES OF DEATH IN THE BROWSEROVE URBAN DISTRICT 1956

	Cause of Death.		H.	F	Total	Mor- tality Rate.
-1.	Tuberculosis, Respiratory.		2	2	4	0.12
2.	Tuberculosis, Other.		-	_	-	-
3.	Syphilitic Disease.		2	1 .	3 3	0.09
1.	Diphtheria.	0 0 0	- !	-	-	
5,	Whooping Cough.		_	<u> </u>		
6.	Meningococcal Infections.		-		-	
7.	Acute Poliomyelitis.		-	-	-	-
8,	Measles,		-	-	-	,
9.	Other infective and parasitic Diseas	es,	-	-	-	_
10.	Malignant Neoplasm, stomach.		3	2	5	0.15
11.	Malignant Meoplasm, lung, bronchus.		14		14	0.43
13.	Malignant Meoplasm, breast,	c 0 0	-	9	9	0,28
13.	Malignant Heoplasm, Uterus.		-		-	-
14.	Other malignant and Lymphatic Meople	isms.	13	9	22	0,67
15.	Leukaemia, Aleukaemia.	ę are	2	2	4	-0-12
16.	Diabetes.	e e p	1.	1	2.	0.06
17.	Vascular lesions of Hervous System.		15	28	43	1.31
18.	Coronary Disease, Angina.	4 0 E	28	24	52	1.59
19.	Hypertension with heart disease.		. A.	4	8	0.25
20.	Other heart disease,		30	30	60	1.83
21.	Other Circulatory Disease.		3	5	8	0,25
22.	Influenza.		-	-	-	-
23.	Pneumonia.		9	12	21	0.65
24.	Bronchitis.	Q 0 0	8	וו	19	0,58
25.	Other Diseases of Respiratory system	1.	1	_	1	0.03
26.	Ulcer of Stomach and Duodenum.		-	l	i	0.03
27.	Castritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoca.		3	_	3	0.09
28.	Mephritis and Mephrosis.	• • •	-	2.	1.	0.03
29.	Hyperplasia of prostate.	• • •	3	-	3	0.09
30.	Prognancy, childbirth, Abortion.	• • •	-	2	2	0,06
31.	Congenital Malformations,		1	2	3	0,09
32.	Other defined and ill-defined Diseas	ses.	8	18	26	0.79
33.	Motor Vehicle Accidents.		1	1	2	0.06
34.	All other accidents.	• • •	2	= 4	6	0,18
35.	Suicide,	-	1	-	1 :	0.03
36.	Modicide and operations of war.			1	1	0 03
	Total.		154	170	324	9 89

CEMERAL PROVISION OF ADALTA JERVICES.

The County Council continued to administer the Ante-Matal, Child Welfare, behool, Ismunisation, Dental and Specialist clinics, where so much valuable work is done in the preservation of health of the community and the prevention of disease, especially mong children. The help given at Infant Welfare Centres by voluntary workers was much appreciated by the Medical and Bursing staffs. The Wealth Vibiting, Ione Bursing and Midwifery services provided by the County Council, supported by the Home Help Service arranged by the W.V.o. and the Loan of Fursing Requisites Scheme managed by the Red Cross continued to provide useful domiciliary help.

The following hospitals were available to the residents of the district:-

1. Infectious Disease.

Hayley Creen Isolation Hospital,

Malesowen; Little Bromwich Fever

Hospital.

2. Maternity.

Bromsgrove General Hospital.

Mary Stevens Maternity Mospital,

Stourbridge.

Lucy Baldwin Haternity Hospital,

Stourport.

3. General Medical and Burgical

C'.30S.

monsgrove General Hospital,

Promsgrove Cottage Hospital,

Tirringham Hospitals.

. Chast aurgary. Hill Top Hospital, Bromsgrove.

Children's Mospital, Birningham.

General Mospital, Birminghan.

Royal Infirmary, Worcester.

promsgrove Ceneral Mospital.

a rnsley Hall, Bromsgrove.

'. Ap. 1 Cur ric pick.

Chil ran's Diagram.

Westrick District

5. Works I line po.

Lower-tory worker to the Form Infirmary, Workester and chemical analyses of their, ic. who done by the County Without tory, Vorcester. The Mealth Department for they included to the Marketors of these Laboratories for their help and

community on.

SAHITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

The work carried out by the Public Health Inspectors is given in the report of your Chief Public Health Inspector and a detailed statement of the sanitary state of the district is included.

The water supplied by the East Worcestershire Waterworks Company is sampled frequently, both by the Company and the Public Health Inspectors. Two specimen reports are set out below:-

(a) Sample marked Well and Borehole, "Lambert," Greenhill, Euroot Pumping Station.

Clear.

Physical Characters ...

Thybroad Onarac (ers		OTG T.		
Odour		Mone,		
Deposit	• • •	Wone,		pII 7.3
Chemical Examination.	(Results ex	opressed in	parts pe	r million).
Solids in Suspension	(Dried at 100°	OC)	o 0 •	Hil.
Solids in Solution (Dried at 180°C)		205
solids in Solution.	After Igni t ion,			185
Chlorine Expressed as	Chloride.	0 0 0		21
Hardness. Hon-Carbon	ute.	• • •		45
Mardness. Carbonate.		• • •		85
Hardness. Total.		• • •		130
Ammoniacal Mitrogen.	• • •	* * *		Traçe.
Albuminoid Mitrogen.	• • •		& e =	Trace
Mitrate Mitrogen.	, .		c •	4.9
Mitrite Mitrogen.	•••		6 6 C	Mil
Oxygen absorbed in 4				
	Permangan	nte)	c 6 -	Mil
Toxic Hetals.	• • •			Hone detected.
Free CO ₂			c	24
Bacteriological Exami	nation.			•
Mumber of Colonies de	veloping upon A	Agar		
(a) In two days	at 37°C.		• • •	l per one ml.
(b) In three days	s at 22°C.	0 0 0	• • •	l per one ml.
Presumptive coliform	count.	• • •		Mil per 100 ml.

Opinion:- The sample is fit for drinking.

(Signed) H.M. LOVE.

County Analyst.
21st Harch, 1956.

Division Ohim of the	α2		
Physical Characters			
0'our	Hone.		
Daposit	None.		
Chemical Examination. (Results		ports pe	r million)
Solids in Suspension. (Dried o	t 100°C)	• • •	Nil
Solids in Solution (Dried a	t 130°C)	• • .•	2:70
coolids in Solutionfter Fg	nition	• • •	240
Chlorine expressed as Chloride	* * *		23
Mardness Mon-Carbonate	• • •		65
Mardness Carbonate	• • •		125
Mirdness Total .	0 017 4	• .	190
Ammoniacal Mitrogen	• • •	6 · C .	Trace
Albuminoid Mitrogen		• • •	Trace
Mitrate Mitrogen		• • •	7.8
Witrite Mitrogen	• • •	* * *	Hil
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours at 27 o	C (II/80 Perma	nganate)	Wil
Toxic Motals			Hone detect
Free CO ₂			3
Acturiological Examination.			
Number of colonies developing upo	on Agar.		
(a) In two days at 37°C			l per one in
(b) In three Jays at 22°C	• • •	• • •	Mil per one
Presumptive coliform count		٠. •	Mil per 100
Opinion:- The sample is fit f	for drinking.		
(Siamul)	11.11. LOVE.		
(Analyst.	

12th April, 1956.

Fullic Clouncing.

Refuse collection in disposal are supervised by the surveyor.

The collections of refuse are weekly in the town area and fortnightly in the fore run I are s.

in abount of refuse collected during the year was approx. 12,609 tons.

TOUSLIC

The lousin	ng position t the end of 1956 was as follow	OWS:-
	houses in the : i:trict	9,087
fation of	portons for house	3.28
duller of	houses boilt by private enterprise	405
non rof	howwer 'wilt by Commoil	63
W. F. I Oi	Louisman'r construction at end of year	773
dather of	would uring 1056	11

I 'P C ... A'D TERVISION OF OOD.

Dot il, of the vary control of vorte carried out by the Health Department of the first state of the Sealth Inspector's Powert.

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INESCTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING THE YEAR 1956

Discase	Corrected Notifications.	Admissions to Hospital	Deaths
Smallpox.	_		gona
Scarlet Fever	26	~	
Diphtheria	_	_	_
Enteric or Typhoid Fever,	_	no no	-
Paratyphoid Fever.	2	2	~-
Measles,	4	_	-
Whooping Cough	71	2	-
Acute Pneumonia	9.	-	21
Puerperal Pyrexia	14	14	-
Meningococcal Infections.	_	. Provi	-
Acute Polionyelitis	1	1	-
Acute Encephalitis		_	
Dysentery.	24	8	-
Ophthaluja Heonatorum,	1,	1	-
Erysipelas	II(Va. vr)	_	_
Malaria	-	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Food Poisoning.	3	1.	-
TOTALS	156 (598)	25 (82)	21 (27)
			(

Two cases of paratyphoid fever were notified from an institution in the area in which cases of paratyphoid fever have occured from time to time.

One case of non-paralytic polionyelitis was notified

There were three cases of food poisoning (66), in one of which the causative organism (Sal. Thompson) was isolated.

There was some increase in the incidence of dysentery, there being 24 cases compared with 7 in 1955. All were due to infection by the Sonne organism and occurred in widely scattered parts of the district.

Diphtheria.

For the sixth consecutive year to case of diphtheria was notified. The last diphtheria doubt becurred in 1945.

Diphtheria Indunisation.

The number of children who completed a course of immunisation during the year 1955 was as follows:-

Princry Immunisation.

		4	U. C.		
		1956		1955	1954
Under 5 years.	•••	10		303	298
5 - 14 years.	• • •	34		44	47
iotul.	• • •	444		347	345
Reinforcing injection.		293	4	192	306

The "immunisation state" of Dromsgrove children on the 31st December, 1956 was as follows:-

Age at 31/13/56 i.e. born in yr.	Under 1	1	5 - 9	10 - 14	Under 15
	1956	1955 - 1952	1951 - 1947	1946 - 1942	Total
Last complete course of injections (whether primary or booste A. 1952 - 1956.	81	1191	1818	288	3378
	er)	(1079)	(1878)	(231)	(3278)
legal or carlier.			;24 (4:5)	1904 (1835)	23 28 (2 :80)
No. of irths.	,08 (+23)	-	-	-	-

V coination.

Rubber of persons Victim ted (or Re-Vaccinated) during 1956

in the set Under 1 table.	1.	2 - :	5 - 14	over	Total 1956	Total 1955	Tot:1 1954
7.c. Y-coin- 217 (206)	(q	<u>,</u>	4	17	23 6	225	205
7 . 7 - 		.5-		.1.0	11	22	4

in the first work of the second then in the previous year.

in the first work of life was 217; Il more than in the second was 1. The second of the average which was 415 (31).

Tuberculosis.

The state of the Tuberculosis List at the end of 1956 was as follows:

		Male.	Fenale.	Total
Pulmonary Hon-Pulmonary	• • •	105	85 9	190 (190) 19 (21)
TOTAL	0 0 0	115	94	209 (211)

Tuberculosis Incidence and Mortality for the year 1956

	now cases.			DEATHS.				
Age.	Pulu	onary,	Hon- Pulmo		Pulmo	onary	Hon- Pulmo	nary
3	<u>.</u> 11.	F.	И.	ji.	11.	F.	М.	P.
0 - 1 - 5 - 10 - 15 - 20 - 25 - 35 - 45 - 55 - 65 and upwards. Age unknown.	1 2 - 2	1, 1, 2	- - - 1 - - -	1	- - - 1 - - 1	1 - 1	-	
Total	5 9	4 (20-)	1 2	1 (1)	2 4	2 (5)	Nil Nil	Nil (Nil)

During the year 11 (21) new cases were notified; 9 pulmonary and 2 non-pulmonary.

There were 4 deaths from this disease.

The total number on the list showed a decrease of 2 to 209.

The Bromsgrove Tuberculosis After-Care Committee continued to do good work in providing extra help and comforts to needy patients.

REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR

1956.

MR. CHAIRMAN, MRS. FIELD AND GENTLEMEN,

I have pleasure in submitting to you a report of the work carried out in 1956.

The Sidemoor Clearance Area was "represented" during the year, involving fifty-one houses and the Enquiry was held early in 1957.

There were no Staff changes during 1956.

My thanks are due to all the Members of the Staff for their valued assistance, and to the Officers of the Council and the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee for the courtesy, kindness and help I receive.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Mrs. Field and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

H. HOLDEN.

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR.

MEAT AND FOOD INEQUITION

Carcases and offal inspected and condemned in whole or in part

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed.	314	1	6	1637	915	-
Number inspected.	314	1	6	1637	915	_
All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci:-						
Whole carcases condemned.	-	-		1	2	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.	77	_		62	95	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis and Cysticerci.	24.5%	-	-	3.7%	10.3%	
Tuberculosis only:- Whole carcases condemned.	1:	-	-		- -	_
Carcases of which som part or organ was condemned.	ne e		-	· -	3	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis.	2.8%	,	-	-	0.3%	
Cysticercosis:-						•
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.	-			_	-	_
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration.	-	,	- !	: 	_	i i
Generalised and totally condemned.			-	-	-	-

CAUSES OF CONDEMNATION AND APPROXIMATE WEIGHT

	Beasts	Calves	Sheep	Pigs	Total
	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	<u>lbs</u> .	lbs.
Tuberculosis.	793	- 1		54	847
Echinococci.	32	-	6	-	38
Pneumonia.	5	man	2	51	58
Pleurisy.	20	_	· _	41	61
Pericarditis.	-		-	23	23
Distomatosis.	224	_	74	_	298
Cirrhosis.	53		4	21½	78%
Abscesses.	14012	_	1	8½	150
Tenuicollis Cysts.	_		25	_	25
Fatty Degeneration.	-		2		2
Toxaemia.	-		55	-	55
*cute Swine Fever.	-	_		196	196
Enteritis.	-	-	-	12	12
Bruising.	16		-	16	32
Ecne Taint.	698		-	_	698
Johnés Disease.	. 43	_	-	-	43
TOT.LS.	2024½	_	169	423	2616½

or <u>1 ton. 3 cwts. 40% lbs</u>.

^{*} Confirmed by Ministry of Agriculture.

Other food found to be unfit for human consumption is listed below:-

Butter Beans. - 53 lbs.

Sultanas. - 9 lbs.

Cod Fillets. - 16 lbs.

Chutney. - 3 Bottles.

Cream. - 2 Jars.

Jam. - 3 Jars.

Meat and Fish Paste. - 3 Jars.

Pickles. - 2 Jars.

Sausage. - 1 Packet.

Coffee. - 1 Tin.

Tinned Goods

Tinned Meats. - 96 tins.

Tinned Soups. - 12 tins.

Tinned Vegetables. - 117 tins.

Tinned Fish. - 14 tins.

Tinned Fruits. - 100 tins.

Tinned Milk and Cream. - 17 tins.

Fatstock Guarantee Scheme

The Public Health Inspectors have continued to act as Certification Officers for the Ministry of Food Fatstock Marketing Division at the four licensed Deadweight Certification Centres in the District.

651 pigs were certified during the year.

Food Premises

The total number of visits to food premises during the year, including visits to slaughterhouses for the purpose of meat inspection was 1380.

The bacteriological examination of swabs of food utensils taken at catering establishments has continued during the year.

These swabs are submitted to Dr. Henderson, the Director of the Public Health Laboratory in Worcester. This service has been given by Dr. Henderson since 1953 and a comparison with the earlier results

shows a marked improvement in the cleanliness of utensils. The agreed standard is that the colony counts should be less than 100 with no coliform bacilli present.

The number of premises registered under Section 14 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1938 is:-

- (a) Ice Cream Premises ... 94
- (b) Premises for the preparation or manufacture of preserved food ... 27

Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933.

Twenty licences were issued to Slaughtermen under the provisions of this Act.

Milk Supply

Twenty-two visits were made to the two dairies in the district.

The number of samples of milk taken for bacteriological examination was 104, and they are classified below:-

Samples	No. taken for bacteriolegical examination	No. Satisfactory	No. Unsatisfactory
Sterilised Milk.	12	12	-
Tuterculin Tested. (Pasteurised)	27	27	-
Pasteurised.	38	38	-
Tuterculin Tested.	27	27	-
Totals.	104	104	_

The number of licences in force under the Milk (Special Designation)
Regulations is as follows:-

	Tuberculin Tested	Pasteurised	Sterilised
No. of Dealer's Licences.	3	5	12
No. of Supplementary Licenses.	9	8	10

TOTALS.	Coffee Cups.	Sweet Tlates.	Soup Plates.	Glase Tumbleis.	ಚ್ರಾಂಂದ.	Tea Plates.	Jorts.	Tea Cujs.	Dinner Flates.	TYPE OF UTENSIL
 70	1-1-1	N	0,	Vī		<u> </u>	()>	16	<u> </u>	No. or Swabs Taken
12	1	<u></u>	Ľ	na e	1	4	2	3	H	Sterile
36	3	H	. 3	H'	<u></u> ⊢	7	6	9	5	Under 100
16	ı	1	2	. 3	I	2		4	5	COLONY COUNTS OVER 100 0 and less a than 1,000
6	1	ı	ı	H	1	1	l	1	3	Over 1,000 and less than 10,000
1	1	ı	ı	ı	í	ļ	1	ı	l	Over 10,000 and less than 100,000
63	3	2	0	Power	٣	13	∞	13	13	Bio
7	اسم			Ľ	l	Ы	I	3	Н	BACTERIUM COLI Present nt Non- F
1	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	l	1	1	Paecal
64 . 29	50.0	100.0	66.67	20.0	100.0	71.43	100.0	68.75	42.86	% of Total Swabs taken which are considered satisfactory*

^{*} Colony Counts of below 100 with no coliform bacteria present.

Ice Cream

Samples of Ice Cream taken for bacteriological examination numbered 79. The results, with a comparison of the 1955 figures, are set out below:-

Ice Cream - Bacteriological Results 1955 and 1956.

<u>1955</u>. <u>1956</u>.

Grade	No. of Samples	%	Grade	No. of Samples	%
1.	97	99.0	1.	77	97.47
2.	1	1.0	2.	2	2.53
3.	-	-	3.	-	_
	-		4.	<u>.</u>	_
Total.	98	100.0	Total.	79	100.0

The number of premises registered is:-

Manufacture an	d Sale of Ice	Cream	0 0 0		6
Sale only	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	• • •	0 0 0	0 0 0	26
Sale of Pre-pa	c'red cnly		0 0 0	0 0 0	62

Food and Drugs Act - Sampling

I am authorised by the County Council to act as a Sampling Officer on their behalf within the district. Sampling under this arrangement is Independent of, and in addition to, sampling carried out by the County Officers.

Samples taken and submitted for analysis were as follows:-

Milk - Formal Samples 49

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE DISTRICT

An analysis of the sanitary accommodation, drainage and water supply position of houses in the district, is set out below:-

			No.	<u>%</u> .
No.	of house	es in District.	9087	100
No.	of house	es with Separate W.C.'s.	8031	88.38
No.	of house	es with Combined W.C.'s.	426	4.69
No.	of house	es with Privies and Earth Closets.	100	1.10
No.	of house	s with Pails and Chemicals.	485	5.34
No.	of house	es with Combined Pails.	23	0.25
No.	of house	es with Waste Water Closets.	22	0.24
No.	of house	s with Separate Mains Water Supply.	8551	94.10
No.	of house	s with Standpost Mains Water Supply.	450	4.95
No.	of house	s with Wells, Springs or Pump Water Supply.	. 86	0.95
No.	of house	s with Baths.	6632	72.98
No.	of house	s connected to Sewer.	7786	85.68
$\mathbb{N} \circ \bullet$	of house	s connected to Cesspools.	853	9.39
N_{0} .	of house	s connected to Septic Tanks.	166	1.83
No.	of house	s with no proper drainage.	282	3.10

Tents, Vans and Sheds

Public Health Act licences are in force for 92 caravans in the district. Sixty-two of these caravans are situated on two licensed sites - the rest are on individual sites or on sites for not more than three vans.

Difficulties have been experienced from time to time on the two larger sites arising from the disposal of sink waste water, but these difficulties have been temporarily overcome.

It is necessary to carry out regular inspection in order to prevent public health nuisances arising.

Water Supply

Forty-seven samples of the town's mains water supply were submitted to the County Analyst and the Pathological Laboratory for chemical and bacteriological analysis, all of which were satisfactory.

Four samples of water from wells and springs etc. were submitted, two of which were unsatisfactory. Seven samples of water were obtained

Drainage

Below is a summary of the work done on drainage during the	ne year:-
Houses connected to sewer (excluding new houses).	20
Houses connected to cesspools (excluding new houses).	3
Nc. of obstructed drains dealt with.	30
No. of tests applied to house drains.	139
No. of insanitary lavatories, sinks, urinals, etc. dealt with.	17
No. of cesspools abolished.	15
New w.c.'s provided in lieu of pails etc.	5
Baths provided.	16
No. of pails abolished.	3

Cesspool Emptying

It has not been possible to maintain a routine twice-yearly emptying service, owing principally to labour difficulties.

The number of cesspools, septic tanks, etc., where sewers are not available, is 777, and the average routine emptying service given is three times every two years. However, complaints are always dealt with to relieve nuisances.

The following is a summary of the work done by the Emptier during the year:-

No. of Cesspools Emptied.	-	1042
No. of loads from Cesspools		1034
No. of Privies Emptied.		175
No. of Pails Emptied.		1307
Mileage Covered.		5793

Ashes Accommodation

During the year 1,343 dustbins were delivered to householders under the Rin Replacement Scheme.

The Scheme commenced in 1951 when it was not possible to obtain galvanised bins. These early issues of non-galvanised bins are now have as to be replaced.

Disinfestation

Number of houses disinfested. - 1

F ... 50

The method employed for disinfestation of houses is spraying with Zaldecide/D.D.T.

Rodent Control

A full-time Operator is employed to undertake treatment on all Council and private properties, and a summary of the work carried out is set out below:-

No. of Treatments at Private Dwellings.	-	253
No. of Treatments at Business Premises.	-	45
No. of Treatments at Council Premises. (Sewage Outfall Works, Tips, Housing Estates	- s, etc.)	15
No. of Brookcourse Treatments.	-	3
No. of Properties Revisited and Surveyed.	-	1657
No. of Agricultural Properties Surveyed.	-	23

The rodent problem in the district is now mainly reduced to minor scattered infestations and the maintenance treatments of sewers and the brookcourse, together with block control of centres of infestation, have kept the town district comparatively free from rats. The scattered infestations referred to are usually associated with domestic poultry or pig-keeping. The Sewage Works and refuse tips receive regular attention.

Pets Act, 1951.

Two applications were received under the above Act. Both licences were granted.

SUMMARY OF SANITARY INSPECTIONS CARRIED OUT DURING THE YEAR

Defects or nuisances discovered. 228

Number abated. 278

Number of notices served (Informal 105, Formal 10).

Inspections:

Inspections carried out in the year are	recorded below:-	Re-
	Inspections	Inspections
Houses under Public Health Acts.	171	617
Overcrowding.	13	-
Water Supply.	77	49

	Inspections	Re- Inspections
Tents, Vans and Sheds.	130	157
Schools.	2	
Entertainment Houses.	, 4- ;	1
Ashes Accommodation.	104	2
Accumulations.	14	1
.mimals or Birds.	3	-
Piggeries.	7	-
Drainage Inspections.	742	123
Drainage Tests.	76	2
Closets - Water.	42	22
Pails or Privies.	12	
Cesspools.	407	29
Sewers and Street Gullies.	61	2
Milkshops and Dairies.	22	-
Ice Cream Premises.	145	
Slaughterhouses for Meat Inspection.	710	900
Food Preparing Premises.	144	25
General Food Premises.	330	6
Licensed Promises.	15	-
Factories.	35	8
Eakehouses.	5	-
Shopsct.	3	
Rats and Mice Acts.	104	~
Refuse Tips.	26	-
Verminous Premises.	10	2
Infectious Diseases.	77	49
Houses Disinfected.	3	-
Housing - Section 11.	176	16
Housing - Section 25.	205	60
Housing - Other Visits.	212	5
Housing Act, 1949.	55	049
Formacum Act.	14	-
Miccilineous Visits.	460	-
in race - Omors, Tradesmen, etc.	407	-
Since while the title	4	51/8

SUMMARY OF DEFECTS PEMEDIED

0 8 21

W.C. Pedestals renewed or repaired.	8
Obstructed Drains.	30
W.C. Flushing Cisterns.	9
Floors repaired.	20
Roofs repaired.	25
Ceiling plaster made good.	17
Wallplaster made good.	26
Walls repaired.	22
Eavespouting and downspouts repaired or renewed.	16
Chimneys repaired.	6
Staircases repaired.	7
Firegrates renewed or repaired.	8
Coppers repaired or renewed.	2
Doors repaired or renewed.	11
Windows repaired or renewed.	39
Repairs to waste pipes and gullies.	8
Hot and Cold Water Systems.	3
Repairs to drains and drainage systems.	15
Defective sinks repaired.	7
Wash-basins and baths repaired or renewed.	5
Wash-houses re-built.	3
HOUSING	
Number of new houses erected during theyear:	
(i) By the local authority. (ii) By other local authorities.	63
(iii) By other bodies or persons.	405
1. Inspections of dwelling-houses during the year:-	
(1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for	defects
(under Public Health or Housing Acts).	819
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose.	1512
(2) (a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub- (1) above, which were inspected and recorded u the Housing Consolidated Regulations 1925 & 19	ınder
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose.	73

- (3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation. 11 (4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all 89 respects reasonably fit for human habitation. 2. Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal notices:-Mumber of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence 83 of informal action by the local authority or their officers. 3. Action under statutory powers during the year:-(a) Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936:-(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs. Nil. (2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:-(a) By owners. Nil. (b) By local authority in default of owners. Nil. (b) Proceedings under Public Health Acts. (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied. 1.05 (2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices:-(a) By owners. 12 (b) By local authority in default of owners. Nil.
 - (c) Proceedings under Section 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936:-
- (1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition
 Orders were made.
- (2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of

 Demolition Orders.
- (d) Proceedings under Section 12 of the Mousing Act, 1936:-
- (1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made.
 - (2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined the tenement or room having been rendered fit.

 Nil.
- 4. Housing act, 1949. Improvement Grants.
 - 11 houses on which grants for improvements had been approved were completed during the year.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE PAGTORIES ACTS

PART 1. OF THE ACT

1. INSPECTIONS for the purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by the Public Health Inspectors):-

Premises	No. on Register	Number of		
		Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
(i) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	6		-	_
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	89	40	2	_
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out- workers' premises).	<u></u>	j	_	_
TOTAL.	99	47	2	-

2. CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND:-

	Number of cases in which defects were found				No. of cases in which
Particulars	Found	Found Remedied To H.M. By H.M. Inspector Inspector			prosecutions were instituted
Want of Cleanliness.	-	-	graph 1.0 The second	-	_
Overcrowding.	-		-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature.	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation.	-	-	-	-	_
Ineffective drainage of floors.	-	-	-		-
Sanitary Conveniences:	- program and	1			
(a) Insufficient.	new .	<u>-</u>	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective.	12	12	_	1	_
(c) Not separate for sexes.	-	: ! -	_	-	8 -
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork).	-	-	-	_	-
TOTAL.	12	12		1	-

PETROLEUM ACTS

During 1956, sixty-six licences were issued for the storage of 102,977 gallons of petroleum spirit and one licence for the storage of 36 lbs. of Carbide of Calcium.